

ROSE CARE

- **Location** – In cool, coastal areas, roses do best planted in sunny warm sites sheltered from wind. In very hot areas, they tolerate light shade.
- **Soil** – Roses grow best in fertile well-drained soil. Heavy clay or sandy soils need to be improved by adding organic materials.
- **Feeding** – Roses should be fed about once every six weeks during the growing season.
- **Watering** - Roses require watering at least once a week or more often if the weather is hot and dry. Water deeply around the base of the plant. Avoid watering the foliage if possible. Wet foliage tends to promote the growth of various leaf diseases such as black spot and mildew. Applying mulch of ground bark or compost helps keep soil moist around the plant and suppresses weeds that compete with roses for water and nutrients.
- **Pruning** – Modern roses should be pruned fairly heavily in late winter or early spring. Remove dead or diseased stems. Prune the remaining stems by about half to control size and stimulate growth of young stems that will flower during the growing season. In the summer, remove spent flowers on a regular basis so the rose will not produce seeds that halt the flowering cycle. Old Garden Roses and climbers need only light pruning in the winter to remove dead or diseased stems.
- **Animals** – A number of animals (deer, porcupines and rabbits) love to eat roses. Fencing, repellants, or other devices may be necessary to protect your plants.
- **Pests** – Roses may be attacked by various insects (aphids, beetles) or diseases (black spot, powdery mildew, downy mildew and rust). Our cool coastal conditions are especially conducive to black spot and downy mildew. Consult your extension agent or horticultural professional for specific remedies for the pests in your area.



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since 1986"*



Love & Peace



Showbiz

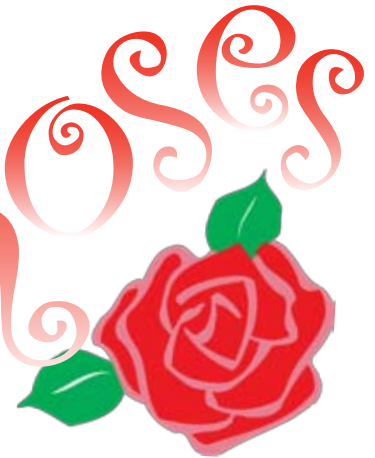


Julia Child



Hot Cocoa

Shore Acres



*Welcome to the
rose gardens
at Shore Acres
State Park*

Roses are a popular garden flower throughout the world. With literally thousands of different kinds from dainty miniatures to vigorous climbers, roses provide a rainbow of flower forms and fragrances for every garden.

The rose bushes in our collection serve as a demonstration of how roses perform under cool coastal conditions. ■

GENERAL CLASSIFICATIONS

- **Hybrid Tea** – Classic rose of modern gardens. Tall plant with large flowers often borne on long stems.
- **Floribunda** – Smaller more compact plant that bears smaller flowers but in multi-stemmed clusters yielding large masses of color.
- **Grandiflora** – An intermediate class of roses that seeks to combine the individual quality of Hybrid Tea blooms with the quantity of the Floribunda.
- **Climber** – Rose that produces very long flexible vine-like stems that either hook on to other plants naturally or need to be tied to supports.
- **Miniature** – Scaled down version of full-sized roses in all respects with small flowers and leaves on a half-size or less plant.
- **Old Garden Roses (OGRs)** – A general heading for a large number of types of roses grown before the middle of the 1800s and the advent of Hybrid Teas. OGRs often have a much shorter bloom season compared to the all-summer bloom of more recent varieties. English or David Austin roses are examples of a new class that tries to combine the best qualities of both Old Garden and modern roses.
- **Tree Rose** – Can be almost any type of rose that is grafted onto a long unbranched stem called a ‘standard.’ The resulting plant can provide a vertical flowering accent among lower growing plants.

Notes

We hope you enjoy your visit to Shore Acres. If you have further questions about roses or other plants at Shore Acres, please contact a member of the garden staff or call 541-888-3732. ■

ROSES AT SHORE ACRES STATE PARK *

** Subject to change*

Unless marked otherwise all roses are in bush form.

T = Tree Rose • CL = Climber Rose

AARS - South Rose Garden

Dates indicate year of award.

- Amber Queen 1998
- Artistry 1997
- Carefree Spirit 2009
- Cherry Parfait 2003
- Cinco de Mayo 2009
- Crimson Bouquet 2000
- Day Dream 2005
- Debut 1989
- Dick Clark 2011
- Dream Come True 2008
- Easy Does It 2010
- Fourth of July 1999 (CL)
- Francis Meiland 2013
- Gemini 1999
- Golden Showers 1957 (CL)
- Honey Perfume 2004
- Hot Cocoa 2003
- Intrigue 1984
- Julia Child 2006
- Love & Peace 2002**
- Marmalade Skies 2001
- Memorial Day 2004
- New Beginning 1989
- Pink Promise 2009
- Rainbow Sorbet 2006
- Scentimental 1997
- Sunshine Daydream 2012
- Tournament of Roses 1989
- Walking on Sunshine 2011
- Wild Blue Yonder 2006

‘Love & Peace’ 2002



OLD GARDEN ROSES NW Rose Garden

- Ballerina
- Baronne Prevost
- Buff Beauty
- Charles Darwin
- Charles Macintosh
- Cottage Rose
- Crown Princess Margareta
- Felicia
- Felicite Parmentier
- Gertrude Jekyll
- Graham Thomas
- Henri Martin
- Honorine de Brabant
- Jacques Cartier
- La Reine Victoria
- Lady of Shalott
- Louise Odier
- Mary Rose
- Mme. Isaac Pereire
- Mme. Plantier
- Mme. Hardy
- Paul’s Himalayan Musk (CL)
- Penelope
- Port Sunlight
- Queen of Sweden
- Sharifa Asma
- Teasing Georgia
- The Pilgrim
- Tuscany Superb
- William Shakespeare
- Wise Portia

ROSE GARDEN - North Garden

- Anna’s Promise
- Burgundy Iceberg
- Chihuly
- Dorola
- Dublin Bay (CL)
- Easy Going - donated by Zonta
- Ebb Tide (T)
- Electron AARS 1973
- Elina
- Iceberg
- Joseph’s Coat (CL)
- Judy Garland
- Just Joey
- Laura Bush
- Lime Sublime
- Midas Touch AARS 1994
- New Zealand
- Nicole
- Playboy
- Playgirl
- Robusta
- Rockin’ Robin
- Royal William
- Sexy Remy
- Sheila’s Perfume
- Showbiz AARS 1985
- Strike It Rich AARS 2007
- The Magician (CL)
- Tournament of Roses AARS 1989 (T)
- Westerland (CL)
- William Shakespeare